

Tél.: 742-49-46 - 742-98-91 21, Bd Montmartre - PARIS 2º

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THE FICIAL TIMES

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## Paris Biennale

## West Coast winner

by MARIO AMAYA

What are the French up to? floor cut out dominated the space The Fifth P ris Biennale of young artists at the Musee d'Art Moderne black enamelled cenotaph was so

artists at the Musee d'Art Moderne in Paris has awarded this year's gold medal to an American, Llyn Foulkes—a West Coast artist whose paintings are entirely unknown in Europe and whose relevance to the international art scene at the moment is slight.

In giving Foulkes the prize, it is hard to derde whether the international committee guided by Andre Maltaux, is way ahead of the game in recognising certain neo-rigurative attitudes which incorporate both kitsch and Funk in what is fast developing into a

neo-igurative attitudes which inneo-igurative attitudes which incorporate both kitsch and Funk in
what is fast developing into a
"California School," or whether
they just want to show that art has
no national boundaries.

Both reasons are valid, and as
post-Pop figuration goes Foulkes,
who is 33, looks like a strong new
contender in the U.S. needle match
between East Coast and West.
Unfortunately, it is difficult to
judge the merits of an artist on the
evidence of five paintings.

Actually the prize might have
been given not to one, but to the
contingent of four Americans in
Paris (all of them from the West
Coast), since the U.S. pavilion was
by far the most clear-minded and
concise one there. The two
painters, Foulkes and Ed Ruscha,
complement each other perfectly:
Foulkes' subtle sepia taken from
post-cards is a perfect foil for the
strident lettering of Ruscha,
steneilled on solid black—i.e.: the
word DAMAGE actually going up
in flames. On the other side are
two minimal sculptors: John
MacCracken's giant slabs of fibre
glass uniformly coloured and leaning against the wall play with Craig
Kauffman's plexiglass pressouts,
which are reminiscent of shaped
outdoor advertising signs, despite
their cool.

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Among the four runners-up, who include Walter Leblanc (Belgium).

Umbert Penna (Cuba) and Francisco Salazar (Venezuela), Mark Boylz of Great Britain is easily the most outstanding. His wide expanses of pebbles and dirt and found objects fixed permanently, have a compelling textural quality which makes you either want to stroke them or walk over them barefoot. That he won a prize at all was remarkable since the British section displayed a confused state of selection and a monstrously inappropriate sense of strously inappropriate sense of

black enamelled cenotaph was so large it had to be placed in another hall. John Furnival's poemscreens and word wheels did not sit happily alongside Jeremy Moon's Stella-stripes, and Colin Self's delicate pencil and water-colour drawings were so overwhelmed by the bigness of the other works that they looked like postage stamps on the wall. It was a relief to turn a corner and see the dynamic directness of Patrick Caulfield's prints

Of the other sections, the French win first prize for finding the messiest group of poor artists ever assembled—acres and acres of floorspace devoted to sixth-form jokes and sub-student level copies of artists who are themselves indifferent.

Japan produced a nice whimsical assortment of visual tricks included assortment of visual tricks included.

Japan produced a nice whimsical assortment of visual tricks, including Takamatsu's three-dimensional furniture seen in perspective and set down on a raked and receding floor (a sly attack on the over-importance that illusionary perspec-

floor (a sly attack on the overimportance that illusionary perspective has played in western art?)
and Miki's giant coloured ears in
plastic, the size of a man and
untouchable in their prison of
vitrines. The Italian section was
notable for its constructivist group
experiments and its post-Surreal
works, the former best exemplified
by Pino Pascali's geometrical trays
of water coloured with dye, the
latter by Pistoletto's mirror-steel
surfaces with life-like figures
appliqued, the same size as the
reflections of ourselves which we
measure them against.

The major tendency, if one is to
be found in this gigantic pile-up
of works from 56 countries, seems
to be a sort of detached semisurrealism, stemming out of Pop.
yet returning to the ambiguities,
the paradoxes in what we perceive
to be real, what we think of as
real, and what our minds tell us
is not. There is also an indication
that young artists appear to be
ready now to accept and deal with
the kitsely trivia of our age using
the same analytical lines of experimentation as did Cézanne in
examining his apples. The tasse
barrier has at last been broken,
they seem to be telling us, now
let's see if there is anything worthwhile on the other side.

In this context, the spirit of

while on the other side.

In this context, the spirit of Magritte, who recently died, hovers over the Musee d'art Moderne like a distressed poltergeist wanting Barry Flanagan's huge sand- a distressed poltergei-filled sacks and coil of rope with only to be laid to rest.

## **ARGUS de la PRESSE**

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